

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

**To the Members of  
M/s Sunil Agro Foods Limited**

**Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of M/s. Sunil Agro Foods Limited ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2019, and its Profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addresses the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements.

The Company has certain significant open legal proceedings under arbitration for various complex matters with the Government of India and other parties, continuing from earlier years, which are as under :

- a) Claims against the Company from the Central Excise Department related to period from 05/08/2010 to 31/10/2013. The company has filed an appeal against the order demanding interest and penalty with the Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal. (Refer Note 33)

Due to the complexity involved in these litigation matters, management's judgement regarding recognition and measurement of provisions for these legal proceedings is inherently uncertain and might change over time as the outcomes of the legal cases and determined. Accordingly it has been considered as a Key Audit Matter.

Our Audit procedures included and were not limited to the following :

- Discussion with the management on the development in these litigations during the year ended March 31,2019
- Review of the disclosures made by the Company in the Financial Statements in this regard.
- Obtained representation letter from the management on the assessment of these matters.

**Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate

accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection, application, implementation and maintenance of appropriate of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements:

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "**Annexure A**" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required

by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books .

- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other Comprehensive Income, Statement of changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "**Annexure B**". Our Report expresses an Qualified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations which could impact its financial position as mentioned in note no.33 Contingent Liability.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

**For GRV & PK.**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Firm Reg. No. 008099S**

Place : Bengaluru  
Date : 29.05.2019

Kamal Kishore  
Partner  
Membership No. 205819

**ANNEXURE - A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of **M/s. Sunil Agro Foods Limited ("the Company")** on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019, we report that:

- (i) a. The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- b. These fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- (ii) (a) On basis of information and explanation given to us, Physical verification of Inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management.
- (b) Procedure of physical verification of Inventory followed by the management is reasonable & adequate in relation to the size of company and nature of its business.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has maintained proper records of its inventories and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification of stocks as compared to book records.
- (iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, The Company has not granted any unsecured loans to any of the parties covered in the Register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause (iii) of the order is not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not provided any loans, guarantees, and Investments to which the provision of sec 185 of the act apply. However regarding loans, guarantees, and Investments to which the provision of sec 186 apply such investment are within the limit provided under Section 186 of the act.
- (v) The company has not received any public deposits during the year to which section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the act are applicable. Accordingly, clause (v) of the order is not applicable.
- (vi) As informed to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the Company.
- (vii) a) According to the records of the company and information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, employees state insurance (ESI), Investor Education and Protection Fund, Income-tax, Tax deducted at sources, Tax collected at source, Professional Tax, GST, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it, with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, the company did not have any dues on account of employee's state insurance and duty of excise:
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident fund, Income-tax, Custom Duty, sales tax, VAT, GST, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears /were outstanding as at 31 March, 2019 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except Excise Duty.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, details of disputed Excise duty which have not been deposited as on 31st March, 2019 on account of any dispute are given below:

Name of the statute	Nature of Dues	Disputed amount pending	Period to which the amount relates (Financial Years)	Forum where dispute is pending
Central Excise Act, 1944	Central Excise duty	Rs. 1,95,51,297/-	05/08/2010 to 31/10/2013	Appeal against order is pending before CESTAT
	Excise duty Penalty	Rs. 1,95,51,297/-		
	Excise duty Interest	Department yet to quantify the interest liability	Until payment made	

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to financial institutions and banks.
- (ix) No money has been raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year but Term Loans has been utilized for the purposes for which they were raised during the year.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company the managerial remuneration has been provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Sec 197 read with Schedule V to the Act with respect to Managerial Remuneration.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause (xii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, clause (xiv) of the order is not applicable.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, clause (xv) of the order is not applicable.
- (xvi) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **GRV & PK.**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Firm Reg. No. 008099S**

Place : Bengaluru  
Date : 29.05.2019

Kamal Kishore  
Partner  
Membership No. 205819

### ANNEXURE - B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **M/s. Sunil Agro Foods Limited** ("the Company") as of 31 March 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls

that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and

plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate

because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified as at March 31st, 2019.

- a) *The company does not have appropriate control system over cash handling as so many payments at factory are made in cash, this could potentially result in unauthorised cash payments resulting in fraudulent transactions.*
- b) *The company did not have an appropriate internal control system for obtaining external balance confirmation on periodic basis. This could potentially result in inaccurate assets and liabilities disclosed in the books of accounts.*

A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

#### **Qualified Opinion**

***In our opinion, except for the effects/possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria,*** the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2019 standalone financial statements of the Company, and our aforesaid report and opinion on Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting should be read in conjunction with our report of even date issued on the standalone financial statements of the Company.

**For GRV & PK.  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 008099S**

Place : Bengaluru  
Date : 29.05.2019

Kamal Kishore  
Partner  
Membership No. 205819